The PraxArth-Study: Improving quality of life of osteoarthritis patients by directed training of general practictioners (GPs) and a telephone follow up through practice nurses

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
18/05/2005		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
24/05/2005	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited 06/11/2019	Condition category Musculoskeletal Diseases	Individual participant data		
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Plain English Summary

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Thomas Rosemann

Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

The PraxArth-Study: Improving quality of life of osteoarthritis patients by directed training of general practictioners (GPs) and a telephone follow up through practice nurses

Acronym

PraxArth

Study hypothesis

A targeted medical education for GPs on arthritis has no effect on the quality of life of patients with degenerative joint diseases and their health care utilization.

Monitoring GPs prescriptions and advices for lifestyle changes by monthly telephone calls of practice assistants is not superior.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Multi-centre

Study setting(s)

GP practice

Study type(s)

Quality of life

Participant information sheet

Condition

Osteoarthritis

Interventions

- 1. Directed training of GPs and a monthly telephone follow up by practice nurses
- 2. Directed training of GPs only
- 3. Control: no intervention

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Quality of life assessed by the AIMS2-SF questionnaire, an internationally validated instrument for the assessment of quality of life among arthritis patients

Secondary outcome measures

Secondary outcomes include:

- 1. Health care utilization (referrals to orthopedists, imaging, inpatient care, physiotherapy)
- 2. Medication (evidence based use of NSAR, application of World Health Organisation [WHO]-recommendations)
- 3. Physical activity
- 4. Patient satisfaction (modified EUROPEP-questionnaire)
- 5. Potential confounders are being controlled (concurrent depression may influence the potential motivational change for more physical activity: PHQ-9)

Overall study start date

01/06/2005

Overall study end date

31/12/2005

Eligibility

Participant inclusion criteria

- 1. Adult patients, diagnosed with gonarthritis or coxarthritis according to the American College of Rheumatology (ACR) Citeria (identified by International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems tenth revision [ICD-10] code in patient's file: M 16.0-16.9, M 17.0-17.5). Participating practices keep an alphabetic record of their patients. Patients from this list are contacted in consecutive order of appearance in the practice and informed about the option to participate in the study.
- 2. Written informed consent of the patient.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

75 GPs and 1125 patients

Participant exclusion criteria

- 1. Insufficient German language skills
- 2. Patients who contacted the practice for emergencies only or as a substitute practice

Recruitment start date

01/06/2005

Recruitment end date

31/12/2005

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Germany

Study participating centre

Vosstrasse 2

Heidelberg Germany 69115

Sponsor information

Organisation

Federal Ministry of Education and Research (Bundesministerium Für Bildung und Forschung) (BMBF) (Germany)

Sponsor details

Hannoversche Strasse 28-30 Berlin Germany 10115 +49 1888 57 0 bmbf@bmbf.bund.de

Sponsor type

Government

ROR

https://ror.org/04pz7b180

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Federal Ministry of Education and Research (Germany)

Alternative Name(s)

Federal Ministry of Education and Research, BMBF

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

Germany

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Abstract results		19/07/2005		No	No