

# A trial designed to treat women with a diagnosis of ectopic pregnancy with a combination of methotrexate (standard treatment) and gefitinib (trial agent)

<b>Submission date</b> 15/09/2016	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 15/09/2016	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 06/11/2023	<b>Condition category</b> Pregnancy and Childbirth	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English Summary

Plain English summary as of 23/11/2018:

### Background and study aims

An ectopic pregnancy occurs when a fertilised egg attaches itself somewhere other than inside the womb, usually in one of the fallopian tubes (the tubes connecting the ovaries and womb, which a mature egg travels down during ovulation). Sadly, there is no chance of this pregnancy surviving and if it is allowed to continue it could potentially be life-threatening to the mother. If an ectopic pregnancy is detected early enough, it can be treated with a single dose of a drug called methotrexate which stops the pregnancy developing. In some cases this single dose of methotrexate is not successful and a further dose of methotrexate is required or surgery may be needed. A more effective treatment is therefore needed to reduce the requirement for repeat doses of methotrexate or surgery. Previous studies using a drug called gefitinib (a drug used in lung cancer patients) in addition to methotrexate have shown promising results, as it appears to have a blocking effect on the cells found in an ectopic pregnancy. These studies were in a small number of women and so a larger study is needed to prove the effectiveness of this treatment. The aim of this study is to find out whether treatment using methotrexate and gefitinib is more effective than methotrexate alone.

### Who can participate?

Women aged between 18 and 50 who are being treated for an ectopic pregnancy.

### What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two groups. Those in the first group receive an injection of methotrexate and then take tablets containing gefitinib once a day for seven days. Those in the second group receive an injection of methotrexate and then take tablets containing a placebo (dummy drug) once a day for seven days. Participants in both groups are then monitored until the resolution of the ectopic pregnancy defined by a serum hCG level of  $\leq 15$  IU/l or surgical removal of the ectopic pregnancy.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Not provided at time of registration

Where is the study run from?

Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh (lead site) and 70 other centres throughout the England, Scotland and Wales (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

April 2016 to December 2019

Who is funding the study?

National Institute for Health Research (UK)

Who is the main contact?

Mrs Ann Doust

gem3@ed.ac.uk

Previous plan English summary:

Background and study aims

An ectopic pregnancy occurs when a fertilised egg attaches itself somewhere other than inside the womb, usually in one of the fallopian tubes (the tubes connecting the ovaries and womb, which a mature egg travels down during ovulation). Sadly, there is no chance of this pregnancy surviving and if it is allowed to continue it could potentially be life-threatening to the mother. If an ectopic pregnancy is detected early enough, it can be treated with a single dose of a drug called methotrexate which stops the pregnancy developing. In some cases this single dose of methotrexate is not successful and a further dose of methotrexate is required or surgery may be needed. A more effective treatment is therefore needed to reduce the requirement for repeat doses of methotrexate or surgery. Previous studies using a drug called gefitinib (a drug used in lung cancer patients) in addition to methotrexate have shown promising results, as it appears to have a blocking effect on the cells found in an ectopic pregnancy. These studies were in a small number of women and so a larger study is needed to prove the effectiveness of this treatment. The aim of this study is to find out whether treatment using methotrexate and gefitinib is more effective than methotrexate alone.

Who can participate?

Women aged between 18 and 50 who are being treated for an ectopic pregnancy.

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two groups. Those in the first group receive an injection of methotrexate and then take tablets containing gefitinib once a day for seven days. Those in the second group receive an injection of methotrexate and then take tablets containing a placebo (dummy drug) once a day for seven days. Participants in both groups are then monitored for three months in order to find out whether they required any additional treatment (surgery or further methotrexate).

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Not provided at time of registration

Where is the study run from?

Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh (lead site) and 49 other centres throughout the England, Scotland and Wales (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?  
April 2016 to December 2018

Who is funding the study?  
National Institute for Health Research (UK)

Who is the main contact?  
Ms Kirandeep Sunner  
gem3@trials.bham.ac.uk

**Study website**  
<https://www.ed.ac.uk/centre-reproductive-health/gem3>

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

**Contact name**  
Mrs Ann Doust

**Contact details**  
GEM3 Trial Management Team  
The University of Edinburgh  
Room S7128  
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Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh  
51 Little France Crescent  
Edinburgh  
United Kingdom  
EH16 4SA  
+44 131 242 9492  
gem3@ed.ac.uk

## Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number**  
2015-005013-76

**IRAS number**

**ClinicalTrials.gov number**

**Secondary identifying numbers**  
AC15004

## Study information

**Scientific Title**

A multi-centre, double-blind, placebo-controlled, randomised trial of combination methotrexate and gefitinib versus methotrexate alone to treat tubal ectopic pregnancies (GEM3)

## **Acronym**

GEM3

## **Study hypothesis**

Study hypothesis as of 23/11/2018:

A combination of intramuscular methotrexate and oral gefitinib, an EGFR antagonist, is more effective in preventing the need for surgery in the treatment of ectopic pregnancy than methotrexate alone.

Previous study hypothesis:

Combination of intramuscular methotrexate and oral gefitinib, an EGFR antagonist, is a more effective treatment for ectopic pregnancy than methotrexate alone.

## **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

## **Ethics approval(s)**

Scottish A Research Ethics Committee, 29/02/2016, ref: 16/SS/0014

## **Study design**

Multi-centre double-blind randomised controlled trial

## **Primary study design**

Interventional

## **Secondary study design**

Randomised controlled trial

## **Study setting(s)**

Hospital

## **Study type(s)**

Treatment

## **Participant information sheet**

## **Condition**

Ectopic pregnancy

## **Interventions**

Participants will be randomly allocated to one of two study arms using a computer-based algorithm to avoid chance imbalances in stratification variables.

Arm 1: Participants are administered 50 mg/m<sup>2</sup> methotrexate as intramuscular injection and take a single tablet containing 250 mg gefitinib daily for 7 days.

Arm 2: Participants are administered 50 mg/m<sup>2</sup> methotrexate as intramuscular injection and take a single tablet containing a placebo daily for 7 days.

Participants will be monitored as per local standards care for an ectopic pregnancy post randomisation so they will have their routine blood tested which includes checking safety bloods and measurement of hCG levels. In addition to this the trial requires participants to have an additional safety blood to ensure that the treatment is not causing any untoward effects. Once the hCG level has dropped to 15iu/L the research team will call the participant 3 months after resolution to complete the 3 month questionnaire.

## **Intervention Type**

Drug

## **Phase**

Phase III

## **Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Gefitinib, methotrexate

## **Primary outcome measure**

Primary outcome measure as of 23/11/2018:

Surgical intervention for treatment of the index EP (salpingectomy/salpingostomy by laparoscopy/laparotomy) is measured using patient notes at each visit until resolution of EP.

Previous primary outcome measure:

Need for surgical intervention for treatment of ectopic pregnancy is determined through interviews with patients at clinic appointments and at the 3 month follow up telephone call.

## **Secondary outcome measures**

Secondary outcome measures as of 23/11/2018:

1. The need for a second dose of MTX is measured using medical notes at each visit.
2. Number of days to resolution of tEP is measured using blood test at baseline and then at resolution is defined by serum hCG levels falling to non-pregnancy levels (hCG  $\leq$ 15 IU/L), which corresponds to a negative urinary pregnancy test using the most sensitive assays.
3. Number of treatment-associated hospital visits until resolution or emergency 'rescue' surgery is measured using patient interviews at each hospital visit.
4. Return to menses, assessed 3 months post-resolution by telephone interview.
5. Safety and tolerability: women will be assessed clinically (at each contact as per local policies) and biochemically (haematological, renal, and liver function tests between days 14–21 post-treatment) and these will be repeated if deemed clinically significant.
6. Acceptability of treatment: assessed 3 months post-resolution by participant-reported Likert scores via a telephone interview

Previous secondary outcome measures:

1. Need for additional methotrexate treatment is determined through interviews with patients at clinic appointments
2. Time to hCG resolution (days) from randomisation to hCG level of  $\leq$ 15 iu/L calculated from the day of diagnosis to the day the hCG dropped to 15iu/L, is determined through blood testing at baseline and throughout the trial based on local trust policy
3. Number of treatment-associated hospital visits until resolution or scheduled/emergency surgery is determined through medical record review at 3 months

4. Safety/tolerability is assessed through blood testing undertaken within 3 days of randomisation and 14-21 days post randomisation and patient interviews at clinic visits 14-21 days post randomisation
5. Acceptability of treatment is assessed using the Likert score after 3 months through a follow up telephone call at 3 months
6. Return to menses is assessed after 3 months post resolution of the ectopic pregnancy through a follow up telephone call at 3 months

**Overall study start date**

01/04/2016

**Overall study end date**

01/03/2022

## Eligibility

**Participant inclusion criteria**

1. Clinical decision made for treatment of tubal EP with MTX
2. Able to understand all information (written and oral) presented (using an interpreter if necessary) and provide signed consent
3. Women 18-50 years at time of randomisation
4. Diagnosis of either:
  - 4.1. Definite tubal EP (extrauterine gestational sac with yolk sac and/or embryo, without cardiac activity on USS) or
  - 4.2. Clinical decision of probable tubal EP (extrauterine sac-like structure or inhomogeneous adnexal mass on USS with a background of sub optimally rising serum hCG concentrations (on at least 2 different days)
5. Pre-treatment serum hCG level of 1000–5000 iu/L (within 1 calendar day of treatment)
6. Clinically stable
7. Haemoglobin between 100 and 165 g/L within 3 calendar days of treatment
8. Able to comply with treatment and willing to participate in follow up

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 Years

**Upper age limit**

50 Years

**Sex**

Female

**Target number of participants**

338

## **Total final enrolment**

328

## **Participant exclusion criteria**

1. Women with a Ppregnancy of unknown location (PUL)
2. Evidence of intrauterine pregnancy
3. Breastfeeding
4. Hypersensitivity to gefitinib
5. Women with mean EP mass on ultrasound greater than 3.5cm (mean dimensions)
6. Women with evidence of intrauterine pregnancy
7. Evidence of significant intra-abdominal bleed on ultrasound USS defined by echogenic free fluid above the uterine fundus or surrounding ovary within 1 calendar day of treatment
8. Significant abdominal pain, guarding/rigidity
9. Clinically significant abnormal liver/renal/haematological indices noted within 3 calendar days of treatment
10. Galactose intolerance
11. Significant pre-existing dermatological disease eg severe psoriasis/eczema
12. Significant pulmonary disease eg severe/uncontrolled asthma
13. Significant gastrointestinal medical illness eg Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
14. Participating in any other clinical trial of an investigational medicinal product
15. Previous participation in GEM3
16. Women of Japanese ethnicity

## **Recruitment start date**

02/11/2016

## **Recruitment end date**

06/10/2021

## **Locations**

### **Countries of recruitment**

England

Scotland

United Kingdom

Wales

### **Study participating centre**

**Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh**

NHS Lothian

51 Little France Crescent

Edinburgh

United Kingdom

EH16 4SA

**Study participating centre**

**Princess Royal Maternity Hospital**

NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde

Glasgow

United Kingdom

G31 2ER

**Study participating centre**

**Crosshouse Hospital**

NHS Ayrshire and Arran

Kilmarnock

United Kingdom

KA2 0BE

**Study participating centre**

**Ninewells Hospital**

NHS Tayside

Dundee

United Kingdom

DD2 1SG

**Study participating centre**

**West Suffolk Hospital**

West Suffolk NHS Foundation Trust

Bury St Edmunds

United Kingdom

IP33 2QZ

**Study participating centre**

**Burnley General Hospital**

East Lancashire Hospitals NHS Trust

Burnley

United Kingdom

BB10 2PQ

**Study participating centre**

**James Cook Hospital**

South Tees Hospital NHS Foundation Trust



South Tees  
United Kingdom  
TS4 3BW

**Study participating centre**  
**Chesterfield Royal Hospital**  
Chesterfield Royal NHS Foundation Trust  
Chesterfield  
United Kingdom  
S44 5BL

**Study participating centre**  
**Norfolk and Norwich University Hospital**  
Norfolk and Norwich University Hospital NHS Trust  
Norwich  
United Kingdom  
NR4 7UY

**Study participating centre**  
**Countess of Chester Hospital**  
The Countess of Chester Hospital NHS Foundation Trust  
Chester  
United Kingdom  
CH2 1UL

**Study participating centre**  
**St Mary's Hospital**  
Central Manchester University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust  
Manchester  
United Kingdom  
M13 9WL

**Study participating centre**  
**Heartlands Hospital**  
Heart of England NHS Foundation Trust  
Birmingham  
United Kingdom  
B9 5SS

**Study participating centre**  
**Stoke Mandeville Hospital**  
Buckinghamshire Healthcare NHS Trust  
Aylesbury  
United Kingdom  
HP21 8AL

**Study participating centre**  
**Forth Valley Hospital**  
NHS Forth Valley  
Larbert  
United Kingdom  
FK5 4WR

**Study participating centre**  
**Addenbrookes Hospital**  
Cambridge University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust  
Cambridge  
United Kingdom  
CB2 0QQ

**Study participating centre**  
**University Hospital Wishaw**  
NHS Lanarkshire  
Wishaw  
United Kingdom  
ML2 0DP

**Study participating centre**  
**Princess Alexandra Hospital**  
The Princess Alexandra Hospital NHS Trust  
Harlow  
United Kingdom  
CM20 1QX

**Study participating centre**  
**New Cross Hospital**  
The Royal Wolverhampton NHS Trust  
Wolverhampton  
United Kingdom  
WV10 0QP

**Study participating centre**  
**East Surrey Hospital**  
Surrey and Sussex NHS Trust  
Redhill  
United Kingdom  
RH1 5RH

**Study participating centre**  
**Frimley Park Hospital**  
Frimley Park Hospital NHS Trust  
Camberley  
United Kingdom  
GU16 7UJ

**Study participating centre**  
**Warrington Hospital**  
Warrington and Halton Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust  
Warrington  
United Kingdom  
WA5 1QG

**Study participating centre**  
**University Hospital Coventry**  
University Hospitals Coventry and Warwickshire NHS Trust  
Coventry  
United Kingdom  
CV2 2DX

**Study participating centre**  
**Victoria Hospital**  
NHS Fife  
Kirkcaldy  
United Kingdom  
KY1 2SD

**Study participating centre**  
**Royal Stoke Hospital**  
University Hospitals North Midlands NHS Trust

Stoke-on-Trent  
United Kingdom  
ST4 6QG

**Study participating centre**

**Hinchingbrooke Hospital**

North West Anglia NHS Foundation Trust  
Huntingdon  
United Kingdom  
PE29 6NT

**Study participating centre**

**St Thomas' Hospital**

Guys and St Thomas' NHS Foundation Trust  
London  
United Kingdom  
SE1 7EH

**Study participating centre**

**The Queen's Medical Centre**

Nottingham University NHS Trust  
Nottingham  
United Kingdom  
NG7 2UH

**Study participating centre**

**Darent Valley Hospital**

Dartford and Gravesham NHS Trust  
Dartford  
United Kingdom  
DA2 8DA

**Study participating centre**

**St Michael's Hospital**

University Hospitals Bristol NHS Foundation Trust  
Bristol  
United Kingdom  
BS2 8EG

**Study participating centre**  
**West Middlesex Hospital**  
Chelsea and Westminster Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust  
Isleworth  
United Kingdom  
TW7 6AF

**Study participating centre**  
**Leighton Hospital**  
Mid Cheshire Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust  
Crewe  
United Kingdom  
CW1 4QJ

**Study participating centre**  
**St Helier Hospital**  
Epsom and St Helier University Hospitals NHS Trust  
Carshalton  
United Kingdom  
SM5 1AA

**Study participating centre**  
**Peterborough City Hospital**  
North West Anglia Foundation Trust  
Peterborough  
United Kingdom  
PE3 9GZ

**Study participating centre**  
**King's College Hospital**  
King's College Hospital NHS Foundation Trust  
London  
United Kingdom  
SE5 9RS

**Study participating centre**  
**Raigmore Hospital**  
NHS Highland  
Inverness  
United Kingdom  
IV2 3UJ

**Study participating centre**

**Hillingdon Hospital**

Hillingdon Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

Uxbridge

United Kingdom

UB8 3NN

**Study participating centre**

**Birmingham Women's Hospital**

Birmingham Women's and Children's NHS Foundation Trust

Birmingham

United Kingdom

B15 2TG

**Study participating centre**

**Sunderland Royal Hospital**

City Hospitals Sunderland NHS Trust

Sunderland

United Kingdom

SR4 7TP

**Study participating centre**

**Southend Hospital**

Southend University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust

Southend

United Kingdom

SS0 0RY

**Study participating centre**

**University College London Hospital**

University College London Hospital NHS Foundation Trust

London

United Kingdom

NW1 2BU

**Study participating centre**

**Darlington Memorial Hospital**

County Durham and Darlington NHS Foundation Trust

Darlington  
United Kingdom  
DL3 6HX

**Study participating centre**  
**University Hospital of Durham**  
County Durham and Darlington NHS Foundation Trust  
Durham  
United Kingdom  
DH1 5TW

**Study participating centre**  
**Scunthorpe General Hospital**  
Northern Lincolnshire and Goole Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust  
Scunthorpe  
United Kingdom  
DN15 7BH

**Study participating centre**  
**Royal Hallamshire Hospital**  
Sheffield Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust  
Sheffield  
United Kingdom  
S10 2JF

**Study participating centre**  
**Queen's Hospital Romford**  
Barking, Havering and Redbridge University Hospitals NHS Trust  
Romford  
United Kingdom  
RM7 0AG

**Study participating centre**  
**Worcestershire Royal Hospital**  
Worcester Acute Hospital NHS Trust  
Worcester  
United Kingdom  
WR5 1DD

**Study participating centre**  
**Gloucestershire Royal Hospital**  
Gloucestershire Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust  
Gloucester  
United Kingdom  
GL1 3NN

**Study participating centre**  
**Whiston Hospital**  
St Helen's and Knowsley Teaching Hospital NHS Trust  
Whiston  
United Kingdom  
L35 5DR

**Study participating centre**  
**Furness General Hospital**  
University Hospital of Morecombe Bay NHS Foundation Trust  
Barrow-in-Furness  
United Kingdom  
LA14 4LF

**Study participating centre**  
**Queen's Hospital**  
University Hospitals of Derby and Burton NHS Foundation Trust  
Burton  
United Kingdom  
DE13 0RB

**Study participating centre**  
**Queen Charlotte and Chelsea Hospital**  
Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust  
London  
United Kingdom  
W12 0HS

**Study participating centre**  
**Southmead Hospital**  
North Bristol NHS Trust  
Bristol  
United Kingdom  
BS10 5NB



**Study participating centre**

**Homerton Hospital**

Homerton University NHS Foundation Trust

London

United Kingdom

E9 6SR

**Study participating centre**

**Epsom General Hospital**

Epsom and St Helier University Hospitals NHS Trust

Epsom

United Kingdom

KT18 7EG

**Study participating centre**

**Warwick Hospital**

South Warwickshire NHS Foundation Trust

Warwick

United Kingdom

CV34 5BW

**Study participating centre**

**Rotherham General Hospital**

The Rotherham NHS Foundation Trust

Rotherham

United Kingdom

S60 2UD

**Study participating centre**

**Basildon University Hospital**

Basildon and Thurrock University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

Basildon

United Kingdom

SS16 5NL

**Study participating centre**

**Royal Free Hospital**

Royal Free London NHS Foundation Trust

London  
United Kingdom  
NW3 2QG

**Study participating centre**

**Cardiff Royal Infirmary**

Cardiff and Vale University Health Board  
Cardiff  
United Kingdom  
CF24 0JT

**Study participating centre**

**Tameside Hospital**

Tameside and Glossop Integrated Care NHS Foundation Trust  
Ashton-under-Lyme  
United Kingdom  
OL6 9RW

**Study participating centre**

**Wrexham Maelor Hospital**

Betsi Cadwaladr University Health Board  
Wrexham  
United Kingdom  
LL13 7TD

**Study participating centre**

**St Peter's Hospital**

Ashford and St Peter's Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust  
Chertsey  
United Kingdom  
KT16 0PZ

**Study participating centre**

**Doncaster Royal Infirmary**

Doncaster and Bassetlaw Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust  
Doncaster  
United Kingdom  
DN2 5LT

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

University of Edinburgh and NHS Lothian ACCORD

## Sponsor details

The Queens Medical Research Institute  
47 Little France Crescent  
Edinburgh  
Scotland  
United Kingdom  
EH16 4TJ  
+44 121 415 91111  
accord@nhslothian.scot.nhs.uk

## Sponsor type

University/education

## Website

<http://www.accord.ed.ac.uk>

## ROR

<https://ror.org/03q82t418>

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Government

## Funder Name

National Institute for Health Research

## Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

## Funding Body Type

Government organisation

## Funding Body Subtype

National government

## Location

United Kingdom

# Results and Publications

## Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer reviewed journal.

## Intention to publish date

01/08/2022

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Anonymous data will be made available to other researchers upon request, for example for individual patient data meta-analysis, if the aim is to answer further resolved questions in a scientifically rigorous study design. Please contact Ann Doust (ann.doust@ed.ac.uk).

This work uses data provided by patients and collected by the NHS as part of their care and support. Using patient data is vital to improve health and care for everyone. There is huge potential to make better use of information from people's patient records, to understand more about disease, develop new treatments, monitor safety, and plan NHS services. Patient data should be kept safe and secure, to protect everyone's privacy, and it is important that there are safeguards to make sure that it is stored and used responsibly. Everyone should be able to find out about how patient data is used. #datasaveslives. You can find out more about the background to this citation here: <https://understandingpatientdata.org.uk/data-citation>.

(added 06/11/2023): BCTU operate a controlled-access model where we vet access requests (approved by CI), this ensures the data is delivered to only those who can demonstrate they have the plan and expertise to handle it appropriately.

## IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Protocol article</a>	protocol	20/11/2018		Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>		01/02/2023	06/02/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	Secondary analysis	13/05/2023	15/05/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">HRA research summary</a>			28/06/2023	No	No
<a href="#">Statistical Analysis Plan</a>	version 2.0	23/02/2022	06/11/2023	No	No