A clinical trial of Hamilton-Russell traction on a) incidence of pressure sores, and b) preoperative pain, in patients with fractured neck of femur.

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered	
23/01/2004		☐ Protocol	
Registration date 23/01/2004	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan	
		[X] Results	
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data	
11/01/2010	Injury, Occupational Diseases, Poisoning		

Plain English Summary

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

ACLINIC

Study information

Scientific Title

Study hypothesis

We propose to evaluate the effect of Hamilton-Russell traction on (a) the peri-operative incidence of pressure sores and (b) pre-operative pain, in patients with fractured neck of femur. There is little evidence to suggest that traction confers any advantage in the pre-operative period, upon patients who receive it. Furthermore, its use may increase the risk of pressure sore development. If the data from the study supports the hypothesis that Hamilton-Russell traction has no beneficial effect, we can strongly argue for its discontinuation. Money currently spent on traction kits will be saved. Furthermore, patient suffering will be reduced through a reduction in the development of pressure sores.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Condition

Musculoskeletal injury

Interventions

Application of Hamilton-Russell traction

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

- 1. Pain (measured by Bourbonnais pain ruler, a visual analogue scale)
- 2. Pressure sore (Torrance 5 point scale)

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

10/01/1993

Overall study end date

30/09/1995

Eligibility

Participant inclusion criteria

- 1. Fractured neck of femur deemed suitable for surgical fixation
- 2. Patient Consent

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Senior

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

303 (added 11/01/10, see publication)

Participant exclusion criteria

- 1. Multiple fractures or injuries
- 2. Pressure sores
- 3. Absence, paralysis or fracture of lower limb

Recruitment start date

10/01/1993

Recruitment end date

30/09/1995

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre University of Hull Hull United Kingdom HU6 7RX

Sponsor information

Organisation

NHS R&D Regional Programme Register - Department of Health (UK)

Sponsor details

The Department of Health Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL +44 (0)20 7307 2622 dhmail@doh.gsi.org.uk

Sponsor type

Government

Website

http://www.doh.gov.uk

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

NHS Executive Northern and Yorkshire (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		01/12/1997		Yes	No