Tumour necrosis factor-alpha (TNF-alpha) antagonists for acute exacerbations of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

| Submission date | Recruitment status No longer recruiting | Prospectively registered | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 13/01/2010 | | ☐ Protocol | | |
| Registration date | Overall study status | Statistical analysis plan | | |
| 19/01/2010 | Completed | [X] Results | | |
| Last Edited | Condition category | [] Individual participant data | | |
| 20/02/2019 | Respiratory | | | |

Plain English Summary

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Shawn Aaron

Contact details

Ottawa Hospital 501 Smyth Road Ottawa Canada K1H 8L6

saaron@ohri.ca

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number NCT00789997

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

Tumour necrosis factor-alpha (TNF-alpha) antagonists for acute exacerbations of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD): a randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled pilot trial

Study hypothesis

The purpose of this study is to determine whether treatment with antibiotics plus a tumour necrosis factor-alpha (TNF-alpha) antagonist will provide more effective treatment for acute chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) exacerbation compared to the current standard treatment of antibiotics plus prednisone.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ottawa Hospital Research Ethics Board, 08/05/2008, ref: 2007791-01H. All other centres will seek ethics approval before recruiting participants.

Study design

Multicentre placebo-controlled randomised trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

Condition

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

Interventions

Arm: Etanercept

Drug: Etanercept and levofloxacin

Levofloxacin 750 mg daily for 10 days and etanercept 50 mg subcutaneous given on the day of randomisation and one week later and placebo prednisone capsule, 1 daily for 10 days.

Arm: Prednisone

Drug: Prednisone and levofloxacin

Levofloxacin 750 mg daily for 10 days and prednisone 40 mg daily for 10 days and placebo subcutaneous injections given on day of randomisation and one week later.

Total duration of treatment: 10 days Total duration of follow-up: 90 days

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Etanercept, levofloxacin, prednisone

Primary outcome measure

Change in lung function (FEV1) from day 0 to day 14

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Time to treatment failure assessed within a 90 day period
- 2. Disease specific quality of life, measured at day 0, day 14, day 90
- 3. Improvement in subjective dyspnoea score, measured at day 0, day 14, day 90
- 4. Safety: incidence of short- and long-term adverse events from day 0 to day 90

Overall study start date

01/11/2008

Overall study end date

01/01/2011

Eligibility

Participant inclusion criteria

Both inpatients and outpatients with acute COPD exacerbation will be selected for randomisation. Patients will be considered to fulfill the diagnosis of AECOPD if they meet the following five criteria:

- 1. Patients must have had a previous diagnosis of chronic bronchitis, emphysema or COPD established by a physician
- 2. Patients must have evidence of airflow obstruction on presentation, defined as a forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1) equal to or less than 70% of predicted and a FEV1 /forced vital capacity (FVC) ratio less 70%
- 3. Patients must be greater than 35 years old, either sex
- 4. Patients must have a minimum history of 10 pack years smoking
- 5. Patients must be experiencing an acute exacerbation of COPD and must meet at least two of the following three clinical criteria for acute COPD exacerbation as defined by Anthonisen:
- 5.1. Increased chronic baseline dyspnoea

- 5.2. Increased sputum volume
- 5.3. Increased sputum purulence

The above complaints had to have necessitated the emergency department or physician visit.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

80

Participant exclusion criteria

- 1. Respiratory failure necessitating admission to an intensive care unit or necessitating use of mechanical invasive or non-invasive (bilevel positive airway pressure [BIPAP]) mechanical ventilation
- 2. Physician diagnosed asthma
- 3. Any patient who has used oral or injectable corticosteroids during the month preceding trial entry will be excluded, except for patients who have received a single dose of oral or injectable steroids (up to the equivalent of 125 mg of methylprednisolone) in the emergency department prior to randomisation. (Note that standard clinical practice in emergency departments is to treat these patients with oral or intravenous steroids on presentation to the ED. Since it will be functionally impossible to randomise patients prior to initial ED treatment we will allow randomisation of patients who have been given a single dose of steroid in the ED.)
- 4. History of chronic lung disease other than COPD. Patients with a history of bronchiectasis, cystic fibrosis, lung cancer and interstitial lung disease.
- 5. Pneumonia or congestive heart failure or suspected malignancy on chest x-ray (CXR) prior to randomisation
- 6. Patients with a history of infection, or suspected current infection, with mycobacteria tuberculosis, non-tuberculous mycobacteria, or fungal infection
- 7. Patients not able to perform an FEV1 assessment
- 8. Patients with known adverse reaction or intolerance to systemic steroids or TNF-alpha antagonists
- 9. Patients with a history of multiple sclerosis or demyelinating disease (etanercept is contraindicated in these patients)
- 10. Inability to provide informed consent or comply with the study protocol due to cognitive impairment, language barrier, or distance greater than 100 kilometres from the study centre
- 11. Patients with a history of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or other immunocompromising diseases
- 12. Patients with a known malignancy within the past 5 years (except for squamous or basal cell carcinoma of the skin that was treated with no evidence of recurrence)
- 13. Patients who have serum white blood cell (WBC) count less than 3,000 or platelet count less than 100,000 at time of randomisation
- 14. Patients who are pregnant or nursing will be excluded. Females of child-bearing age will be required to have a negative serum or urine pregnancy test before randomisation.

- 15. Patients with suspected sepsis, i.e., those with temperature greater than 38.5°C or serum WBC greater than 20,000 will be excluded
- 16. Patients who have a history or active infection with viral hepatitis B or hepatitis C

Recruitment start date

01/11/2008

Recruitment end date

01/01/2011

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Canada

Study participating centre

Ottawa Hospital

Ottawa Canada

K1H 8L6

Sponsor information

Organisation

Ottawa Hospital Research Institute (OHRI) (Canada)

Sponsor details

725 Parkdale Avenue Ottawa Canada

K1Y 4E9

saaron@ohri.ca

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

http://www.ohri.ca/

ROR

https://ror.org/03c62dg59

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR) (Canada) - http://www.cihr-irsc.gc.ca (ref: MCT-90167)

Alternative Name(s)

Instituts de Recherche en Santé du Canada, Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR), CIHR_IRSC, Canadian Institutes of Health Research | Ottawa ON, CIHR, IRSC

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

Canada

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

| Output type | Details | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient-facing? |
|-----------------|---------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Results article | results | 01/02/2013 | 20/02/2019 | Yes | No |