# A trial investigating the effectiveness of vagus nerve stimulation during rehabilitation therapy in patients with a weak arm following a stroke

Submission date	<b>Recruitment status</b> Recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
03/11/2022		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Ongoing  Condition category Circulatory System	Statistical analysis plan		
07/12/2022		Results		
Last Edited		☐ Individual participant data		
07/03/2025		[X] Record updated in last year		

### **Plain English Summary**

Background and study aims

Over 15 million people suffer a stroke worldwide annually. One third are left with arm weakness causing difficulties with daily activities. Whilst rehabilitation therapy does help after stroke, the benefits are modest. In a recent trial, stimulating the vagus nerve (VN) while the participant moved their weak arm resulted in better arm recovery compared with therapy alone. However, the stimulator was surgically implanted, and the VNS was triggered by a therapist in hospital. In this study the VN will be stimulated in a non-invasive way at home. The VN will be stimulated through the skin via an earpiece using a TVNS device. This study aims to determine whether transcutaneous vagus nerve stimulation (TVNS) paired with rehabilitation therapy of the affected arm after stroke improves motor function in participants with arm weakness following a stroke. In a sub-study, the researchers will also assess if TVNS produces changes in the brain via fMRI and, in some cases, PET scans.

### Who can participate?

Patients aged 18 years and over who have arm weakness following a stroke between 6 months to 10 years ago and are no longer undergoing active rehabilitation therapy

### What does the study involve?

Participants will be randomly allocated to receive either sham TVNS (very low stimulation) or active TVNS. Some participants will also be asked to wear the TVNS device whilst undertaking activities of daily living. Participants will wear the TVNS device when completing the self-delivered rehabilitation therapy for 1 hour per day, 5 days per week for 12 weeks. The rehabilitation therapy plan will be tailored to each participant, completed at home, and includes repetitive tasks such as turning cards, moving objects, opening, and closing bottles. Participants will be followed up at a face-to-face appointment at 3 and 6 months after starting treatment. The follow-up appointments enable outcome assessments of the intervention.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

By taking part in this study, participants will be directly helping to inform the future evidence base of interventions for people with arm weakness after stroke. Participants will be given a

tailored 12-week rehabilitation therapy programme to do at home and a TVNS device to use for the duration. This may be of benefit to some participants who may not be receiving any other therapy for their arm weakness. The TVNS device is usually well tolerated but previous studies have found some side effects. These are mild skin irritation (in 15% of cases), headaches (less than 5% of cases), dizziness, sore throat and nausea (all in less than 2% of cases). The nerve that is stimulated in this study can affect the heart rhythm but there has been lots of research using this device in humans with no concerns about the safety of the participants. Some participants may find participation in the trial time-consuming as it will require attendance at a minimum of three face-to-face appointments, in addition to the 12-week treatment period completed at home.

### Where is the study run from?

About 15 stroke centres across the UK will be taking part in the study and it will be managed by the Clinical Trials Research Unit at the University of Sheffield (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? February 2022 to January 2026

Who is funding the study? National Institute for Health and Care Research (NIHR) (UK)

Who is the main contact?
Kirsty McKendrick, kirsty.mckendrick@sheffield.ac.uk, triceps@sheffield.ac.uk

### Study website

http://www.triceps-trial.com/

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Miss Kirsty McKendrick

#### Contact details

Clinical Trials Research Unit ScHARR The University of Sheffield 30 Regent Court Sheffield United Kingdom S1 4DA +44 (0)114 222 4308 kirsty.mckendrick@sheffield.ac.uk

# Additional identifiers

# EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

### **IRAS** number

308254

### ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

### Secondary identifying numbers

CPMS 53862, IRAS 308254

# Study information

### Scientific Title

An efficacy and mechanism evaluation of transcutaneous vagal nerve stimulation for upper limb recovery post-stroke – a randomised, controlled, multi-arm, multi-stage, adaptive design trial

### **Acronym**

**TRICEPS** 

### Study hypothesis

Primary hypotheses:

Hypothesis 1: Participants receiving transcutaneous vagal nerve stimulation (TVNS) plus rehabilitation therapy for 12 weeks will attain greater motor improvement compared to home rehabilitation therapy alone.

Hypothesis 2: Participants who receive TVNS while undertaking activities of daily living in addition to TVNS during rehabilitation therapy for 12 weeks will attain even greater benefit.

### Secondary objectives:

Hypothesis 3: The beneficial effects of TVNS plus rehabilitation therapy will be sustained at 6 months from the start of treatment.

Hypothesis 4: TVNS will have a positive effect on other key outcome measures.

Hypothesis 5: TVNS and self-delivered home rehabilitation therapy is a safe intervention for participants.

Hypothesis 6: TVNS plus rehabilitation therapy improves cortical plasticity, cerebral blood flow and brain energy and oxygen metabolic profiles which may trigger greater improvement in motor function compared to rehabilitation therapy alone.

# Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

Approved 12/10/2022, East of England - Cambridge Central Research Ethics Committee (Equinox House, City Link, Nottingham, NG2 4LA, UK; +44 (0)207 104 8286; cambridgecentral.rec@hra.nhs.uk), ref: 22/EE/0209

# Study design

Randomized; Interventional; Design type: Treatment, Device, Imaging, Rehabilitation

# Primary study design

Interventional

### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

### Study setting(s)

Hospital

### Study type(s)

Treatment

### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

### Condition

Stroke

#### **Interventions**

Participants will be allocated to receive TVNS plus self-delivered rehabilitation therapy for 1 hour, 5 times a week for 12 weeks, or sham TVNS (the earpiece will produce negligible stimulation) plus self-delivered rehabilitation therapy for 1 hour, 5 times a week for 12 weeks. Some participants may also be asked to wear the device whilst doing activities of daily living for 1 to 8 hours on the therapy days.

### Intervention Type

Device

### Phase

Not Applicable

# Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Not provided at time of registration

### Primary outcome measure

Upper limb motor function assessed using the Upper Limb Fugl-Meyer (ULFM) total motor score at 3 months from the start of treatment

### Secondary outcome measures

Measured at baseline, 3 and 6 months from the start of treatment, unless stated otherwise:

- 1. Upper limb motor function assessed using the ULFM total motor score at 6 months from the start of treatment
- 2. Sensation, joint range of motion and joint pain assessed using other components of the ULFM outcome measure
- 3. Motor function of the affected arm assessed using the Wolf Motor Function Test (WMFT)
- 4. Total stroke-related neurological deficit measured using the Modified National Institute of Health Stroke Scale (mNIHSS)
- 5. The degree of dependence in the daily activities of people who have had a stroke, measured using the Modified Rankin Scale (mRS)
- 6. Activities of daily living assessed using the Nottingham Extended Activities of Daily Living (NEADL) scale
- 7. Stroke-specific quality of life measured using the Stroke-Specific Quality-of-Life (SS-QOL) scale
- 8. Generalised anxiety disorder assessed using the General Anxiety Disorder (GAD-7) total score

- 9. Depression assessed using the Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ-9) total score
- 10. Fatigue assessed using the Neurological Fatigue Index for stroke (NFI-Stroke)
- 11. Pain intensity measured using a Visual Analogue Scale (VAS)
- 12. Whether a participant had experienced a clinically meaningful improvement of 6 points on ULFM total motor score outcome compared to baseline

### Overall study start date

01/02/2022

### Overall study end date

31/01/2026

# **Eligibility**

### Participant inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged 18 years or greater
- 2. Anterior circulation ischaemic stroke between 6 months and 10 years previously
- 3. Baseline ULFM of 20-50 (inclusive) indicating moderate to severe arm dysfunction
- 4. At least 10 degrees of active wrist extension, 10 degrees of active thumb abduction /extension, and 10 degrees of active extension in at least 2 additional digits
- 5. Able to participate in rehabilitation therapy, provide feedback on adverse events (AEs), and give appropriate informed consent based on clinical judgment

### Participant type(s)

Patient

### Age group

Adult

# Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

# Target number of participants

Planned Sample Size: 243; UK Sample Size: 243

### Participant exclusion criteria

- 1. Has significant other impairment of upper limb, e.g., frozen shoulder
- 2. Has severe spasticity (Modified Ashworth score of  $\geq$ 3)
- 3. Has health conditions that prevent engagement with rehabilitation therapy, e.g., advanced dementia
- 4. Has severe aphasia and either: a) informed consent unlikely based on consent support tool, b) engagement with RTT difficult, or c) inability to communicate adverse events from TVNS
- 5. Currently participating in another stroke rehabilitation trial
- 6. Pregnant or trying to get pregnant
- 7. On a pacemaker or another implantable electrical device
- 8. Has a cochlear implant or other similar device
- 9. Currently receiving therapy or treatment to improve arm function and would not be willing to

stop for the duration of the trial

10. Has previously experienced a haemorrhagic stroke

For all participants entering the mechanistic sub-study only:

- 1. Contraindications to Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) (e.g., metal implant)
- 2. Has previously experienced or is likely to suffer severe anxiety or claustrophobia in relation to MR imaging examination

#### Additional criteria for PET-MRI:

- 1. Contraindications to Positron Emission Tomography (PET) (e.g., has a known allergy to FDG PET tracer)
- 2. Has unstable diabetes

A full screening assessment will be conducted when the participant attends for the MRI to ensure the safety of the participant.

# Recruitment start date

01/10/2023

### Recruitment end date

31/07/2025

# Locations

### Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Wales

# Study participating centre Royal Hallamshire Hospital

Glossop Road Sheffield United Kingdom S10 2JF

# Study participating centre John Radcliffe Hospital

Headley Way Headington Oxford United Kingdom OX3 9DU

# Study participating centre Pulross Community Centre

47a Pulross Road Stockwell London United Kingdom SW9 8AE

# Study participating centre Brownley Green Health Centre

171 Brownley Road Wythenshawe Manchester United Kingdom M22 9UH

## Study participating centre Northenden Health Centre

489 Palatine Road Northenden Manchester United Kingdom M22 4DH

# Study participating centre Melbourne Centre Surgery

Swithland House 352 London Road Leicester United Kingdom LE2 2PL

# Study participating centre Doncaster Royal Infirmary

Armthorpe Road Doncaster United Kingdom DN2 5LT

# Study participating centre

### Montagu Hospital

Adwick Road Mexborough United Kingdom S64 0AZ

# Study participating centre Bodmin Hospital

Boundary Road Bodmin United Kingdom PL31 2QT

# Study participating centre Heart of Hounslow Centre for Health

92 Bath Road Hounslow United Kingdom TW3 3EL

# Study participating centre St Mary's Hospital

Green Hill Road Leeds United Kingdom LS12 3QE

# Study participating centre Aintree Hospital

Therapies Department Lower Lane Fazakerley United Kingdom L9 7AL

# Study participating centre Moseley Hall Hospital

Alcester Road Moseley Birmingham United Kingdom B13 8JL

# Study participating centre St Lukes Hospital

Little Horton Lane Bradford United Kingdom BD5 0NA

# Study participating centre West Pottergate Medical Practice

Earlham Road Norwich United Kingdom NR2 4BX

# Study participating centre Sunderland Royal Hospital

Kayll Road Sunderland United Kingdom SR4 7TP

# Study participating centre University Hospital Llandough

Penlan Road Llandough Penarth United Kingdom CF64 2XX

# Study participating centre Royal London Hospital

HASU (Hyper Acute Stroke Unit) Ward 11C Research Office Whitechapel Road Whitechapel London United Kingdom E1 1FR

# Study participating centre Royal Bournemouth General Hospital

Castle Lane East Bournemouth United Kingdom BH7 7DW

# Study participating centre Yeatman Hospital

Hospital Lane Sherborne United Kingdom DT9 3JU

## Study participating centre King's College Hospital

Stroke Research Office
Academic Neuroscience Centre
Ruskin Wing
Denmark Hill
London
United Kingdom
SE5 9RS

# Study participating centre South Petherton Community Hospital

Bernard Way South Petherton United Kingdom TA13 5EF

# Study participating centre Royal Hallamshire Hospital

Glossop Road Sheffield United Kingdom S10 2JF

# **Sponsor information**

### Organisation

Sheffield Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

### Sponsor details

Northern General Hospital Herries Road Sheffield England United Kingdom S5 7AU +44 (0)114 226 5941 dipak.patel12@nhs.net

### Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

### Website

http://www.sth.nhs.uk/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/018hjpz25

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Government

### **Funder Name**

National Institute for Health and Care Research

### Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

### **Funding Body Subtype**

National government

### Location

### **Funder Name**

NIHR Evaluation, Trials and Studies Co-ordinating Centre (NETSCC); Grant Codes: NIHR133169

# **Results and Publications**

### Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal

### Intention to publish date

31/07/2026

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Requests for patient level data and statistical code should be made to the corresponding author and will be considered by members of the original trial management group, including the chief investigator and members of CTRU, who will release data on a case by case basis. Data will be shared following the principles for sharing patient level data as described by Smith et al (2015) [1]. The data will not contain any direct identifiers, we will minimise indirect identifiers and remove free text data, to minimise the risk of identification.

### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request, Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No