

A brief intervention for patients in emergency departments who self-harm

Submission date	Recruitment status	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
16/11/2021	No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
18/11/2021	Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited	Condition category	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
30/01/2026	Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

In the UK, around 6000 people take their own lives each year, causing suffering to those they leave behind. The risk of suicide is hundreds of times greater among people who self-harm than among the general population, with 15-43% of people attending the Emergency Department (ED) with self-harm in the year before death. For this reason, the Government's Suicide Prevention Strategy has identified those presenting with self-harm as a priority group. Each year, around 220,000 episodes of self-harm by 150,000 people are managed by EDs in England. Most EDs have a psychiatric liaison team of specialist mental health practitioners who conduct psychosocial assessments to engage patients, assess their current and future health and social care needs, and make onward referrals. However, assessments are often inadequate due to limited capacity in these services and patients often not attending or dropping out, emphasising the need for effective intervention. An appropriate brief intervention that changes routine meetings with patients in the ED could reach around 220,000 patient contacts each year in England. Evidence from recent international trials indicates that such interventions delivered by specialist mental health practitioners in EDs are effective in reducing self-harm and suicide. Training existing mental health teams to deliver the intervention would be relatively cheap, making wider rollout in the NHS attractive. Based on existing international evidence and feedback from all stakeholders, an intervention called the ASsuRED approach has been developed to provide support for patients presenting to EDs in the NHS context. This trial will test the clinical and cost-effectiveness of the ASsuRED approach. This trial forms part of a National Institute for Health Research (NIHR) funded research programme. In this trial, the ASsuRED approach will be compared to treatment as usual in approximately 10 EDs and 620 patients.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 18 and over who present to the recruiting Emergency Departments having self-harmed and/or having thoughts of wanting to end their lives.

What does the study involve?

Participants who are identified as eligible for the study will be asked for consent to take part in the study. Participants allocated to the ASsuRED arm will be offered a therapeutic assessment and enhanced safety planning and three follow-up appointments with the same practitioner

over 8 weeks, in addition to an optional 'bank' session to be taken over the following 9 months and three personalised letters sent over 9 months. Participants in the treatment as usual arm will receive a standard psychosocial assessment. All participants will be asked to complete a research interview at baseline, and then at approximately 3, 9, and 18 months.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participating in a study whilst people are in distress may present a risk of further distress to people who are emotionally vulnerable. If the practitioners or the researchers feel that the research is too overwhelming, they will stop the process immediately. Our Lived Experience Advisory Panel (LEAP), confirmed that while there is the possibility of causing additional distress, participating in the study may also be beneficial to patients as it may help people feel that they are contributing and are able to help improve services. People also report that talking to researchers can be beneficial.

Where is the study run from?

Devon Partnership NHS Trust (UK) and City, University of London (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

November 2021 to January 2027

Who is funding the study?

Programme Grants for Applied Research, National Institute for Health Research (NIHR) (UK)

Who is the main contact?

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Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)
Nil known

Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)
279991

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)
Nil known

Protocol serial number
IRAS 279991, CPMS 50572

Study information

Scientific Title
ASsuRED Trial RCT: Improving outcomes in patients who self-harm - Adapting and evaluating a brief pSychological inteRvention in Emergency Departments

Acronym
ASsuRED RCT

Study objectives
Current study hypothesis as of 07/02/2024:
The ASSURED brief intervention for people attending the emergency department with self-harm will reduce subsequent reattendance to the emergency department for self-harm over 18 months compared with treatment as usual.

Previous study hypothesis:
A brief intervention compared with treatment as usual for people attending the emergency

department with self-harm will reduce subsequent reattendance to the emergency department for self-harm over 18 months.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

approved 12/11/2021, London - City & East Research Ethics Committee (Health Research Authority, Skipton House, 80 London Road, London, SE1 6LH, United Kingdom; +44 (0)20 7972 2545; cityandeast.rec@hra.nhs.uk), ref: 21/LO/0683

Study design

Individual randomized controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Self-harm

Interventions

Current interventions as of 07/02/2024:

Participants allocated to the A^SsuRED arm will be offered a therapeutic assessment, enhanced safety planning and three follow-up appointments with the same practitioner over 8 weeks. In addition, there is an optional fifth bank session that can be taken within 9 months of randomisation and three personalised letters over 9 months. All participants will be asked to complete a research interview at baseline, and then at 3-, 9- and 18-months.

The intervention consists of:

1. A narrative interview
2. A safety plan focusing on warning signs of an impending crisis, internal coping strategies, how to change the environment to stay safe, who to contact to resolve a crisis and professional agencies to contact if required
3. Rapid follow-up support: consisting of three follow-up sessions over 8-weeks based on a solution-focused model.

The A^SsuRED pilot study is registered at <https://www.isrctn.com/ISRCTN16003313>

Previous interventions:

Allocation to the A^SsuRED approach or treatment as usual, will depend on the practitioner that patients are allocated to. Participants allocated to the A^SsuRED arm will be offered a therapeutic assessment and enhanced safety planning with the practitioner they see in the Emergency Department. They will then be offered three follow-up appointments with the same practitioner over an 8-week period. Participants in the treatment as usual arm will receive a standard psychosocial assessment.

All participants will be asked to complete a research interview after their ED assessment, and then at 3- and 18-months.

The intervention consists of:

1. A therapeutic psychosocial assessment using narrative interviewing. The assessment will take approximately 60-minutes, which is the typical duration of assessment delivered in usual care
2. A safety plan focusing on warning signs of an impending crisis, internal coping strategies, how to change the environment to stay safe, who to contact to resolve a crisis and professional agencies to contact if required
3. Rapid follow up support: consisting of a 72-hour phone call and three follow-up sessions over 8-weeks based on a solution focused model.

The ASuRED pilot study is registered at <https://www.isrctn.com/ISRCTN16003313>

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome(s)

Repeat self-harm identified by searching Emergency Department electronic records at the end of the study

Key secondary outcome(s)

Current secondary outcome measures as of 07/02/2024:

1. Self-reported self-harm using online surveys at 1, 2, 3, 9, and 18 months
2. Suicidal ideation measured with the Beck Scale for Suicide Ideation (Beck & Steer, 1993) at baseline, 3, 9 and 18 months
3. Psychological wellbeing measured with CORE-OM (Barkham et al., 2001; Mavranezouli et al., 2011) at baseline, 3, 9 and 18 months
4. Social outcomes measured with the Social Outcomes Index (SIX) (Priebe et al., 2008) at baseline, 3, 9 and 18 months
5. Quality of life measured with the EQ-5D-5L (Herdman et al. 2011) at baseline and 3-, 9-, and 18-months.
6. Psychological wellbeing measured using the Warwick-Edinburgh Mental Wellbeing Scales (WEMWBS, short version) (Tennant et al., 2007) at baseline, 3, 9 and 18 months
7. Experiences of care in Accidents & Emergency Questionnaire, devised for this study, and measured at baseline
8. All cause mortality (including suicide) derived from NHS/local authority/coroner records at 18 months
9. All patient attendances to the Emergency Department at 18 months following the index episode extracted from Trust records
10. Total healthcare use measured using the Client Service Resource Inventory at baseline, 3-, 9-, and 18-months and NHS Digital data

Previous secondary outcome measures as of 01/02/2022 to 07/02/2024:

1. Self-reported self-harm using online surveys at 1, 2, 3, and 18 months
2. Suicidal ideation measured with Beck's Scale for Suicide Ideation (Beck & Steer, 1993) at baseline, 3, 9 and 18 months
3. Psychological wellbeing measured with CORE-OM (Barkham et al., 2001; Mavranezouli et al., 2011) at baseline, 3, 9 and 18 months
4. Social outcomes measured with the Social Outcomes Index (SIX) (S. Priebe et al., 2008) post-baseline and at 3, 9 and 18 months
5. Quality of life measured with the Warwick-Edinburgh Mental Wellbeing Scales (short version) post-baseline and at 3, 9 and 18 months
6. Experiences of attending the Emergency Department Questionnaire, devised for this study

post-baseline

7. Death by suicide, i.e., cause of death is intentional self-harm or undetermined intent derived from NHS/local authority/coroner records at 18 months

Previous secondary outcome measures:

1. Self-reported self-harm, using online surveys at 1-, 2-, 3-, and 18-months.
2. Suicide severity, administered by researchers on the Columbia–Suicide Severity Rating scale (Posner et al., 2011) post-baseline and 18-months.
3. Psychological wellbeing measured with CORE-OM (Barkham et al., 2001; Mavranezouli et al., 2011) at baseline, 3- and 18-months.
4. Social outcomes, measured with the Social Outcomes Index (SIX) (S. Priebe et al., 2008) post-baseline and at 3- and 18-months.
5. Quality of Life, measured with the Warwick-Edinburgh Mental Wellbeing Scales (short version) post-baseline and at 3- and 18-months.
6. Experiences of attending the Emergency Department Questionnaire, devised for this study post-baseline.
7. Death by suicide, i.e., cause of death is intentional self-harm or undetermined intent derived from NHS/ local authority/coroner records at 18-months.

Completion date

31/01/2027

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Current key inclusion criteria as of 30/07/2025:

1. ≥ 18 years of age
2. Presenting to the ED
3. Presenting with self-harm, i.e., an intentional act of self-poisoning or self-injury, irrespective of the motivation or apparent purpose of the act and/or presenting with suicidal ideation, i.e., thoughts of not wanting to live on presenting to the ED with self-harm and/or suicidal ideation, can be admitted for a brief admission to the acute hospital or a brief crisis admission
4. Provide informed consent to take part

Previous key inclusion criteria as of 07/02/2024 to 30/07/2025:

1. 16 years of age or older
2. Presenting to the ED
3. Presenting with self-harm, i.e., an intentional act of self-poisoning or self-injury, irrespective of the motivation or apparent purpose of the act and/or presenting with suicidal ideation, i.e., thoughts of not wanting to live
4. On presenting to the ED, can be admitted for a brief admission to the acute hospital

Previous key inclusion criteria:

1. >16 years of age
2. Presenting in the ED
3. Presenting with self-harm, i.e., an intentional act of self-poisoning or self-injury, irrespective of the motivation or apparent purpose of the act
4. On presenting to the ED, can be admitted for a brief admission to the acute hospital

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Mixed

Lower age limit

18 years

Upper age limit

100 years

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

0

Key exclusion criteria

Current participant exclusion criteria as of 30/07/2025:

1. A current or previous participant of the ASSURED study
2. Patients admitted to a psychiatric hospital
3. Patients receiving input from Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS). Patients receiving service input from CAMHS will be excluded from the date of implementation of Substantial Amendment 5.
4. Patients with cognitive (e.g. dementia) or other psychiatric difficulties interfering with the ability to participate
5. Experiencing a psychotic episode
6. No capacity to provide written informed consent
7. Needing an interpreter
8. Ministry of Justice patients subject to a restriction order
9. Patients receiving intensive psychological input that explicitly precludes them from engaging in other psychological interventions/psychological treatment, e.g. DBT
10. Concerns about safety to practitioner or researcher *
11. Not being registered with a GP
12. Living out of Trust**

* Given that the intervention and the researcher meetings are conducted remotely most of the time, please liaise with the local PI about excluding patients for safety-related concerns.

**Neighbouring Trusts may be included if agreed with the local PI and documented in the TMF. Planning to move out of the Trust area within ~2 months of enrolling in the study is a reason for exclusion.

Previous participant exclusion criteria as of 07/02/2024 to 30/07/2025:

1. Patients admitted to a psychiatric hospital
2. Patients with cognitive (e.g. dementia) or other psychiatric difficulties interfering with ability to participate
3. Experiencing a psychotic episode
4. No capacity to provide written informed consent
5. Needing an interpreter

6. Ministry of Justice patients subject to a restriction order
7. Receiving intensive psychological input e.g. DBT
8. Out of the hospital borough and Trust
9. Concerns about safety to practitioner or researcher
10. Not registered with a GP

Previous participant exclusion criteria:

1. Patients admitted to a psychiatric hospital
2. Patients with cognitive (e.g. dementia) or other psychiatric difficulties interfering with ability to participate
3. Experiencing a psychotic episode
4. No capacity to provide written informed consent
5. Needing an interpreter
6. Ministry of Justice patients subject to a restriction order
7. Receiving intensive psychological input e.g. DBT
8. Out of the hospital borough and Trust

Date of first enrolment

21/03/2022

Date of final enrolment

05/12/2024

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Homerton University Hospital

Recruiting via the mental health team (East London Foundation Trust)

-

England
E9 6SR

Study participating centre

Whipps Cross Hospital

Recruiting via the mental health team (North East London Foundation Trust)

-

England
E11 1NR

Study participating centre

East Surrey Hospital

Recruiting via the mental health team (Surrey and Borders Partnership NHS Trust)

-

England

RH1 5RH

Study participating centre**Royal London Hospital**

Recruiting via the mental health team (East London Foundation Trust)

-

England

E1 1FR

Study participating centre**Coventry Hospital**

Recruiting via the mental health team (Coventry and Warwickshire Partnership Trust)

-

England

CV2 2DX

Study participating centre**Warwick Hospital**

Recruiting via the mental health team (Coventry and Warwickshire Partnership Trust)

-

England

CV34 5BW

Study participating centre**George Eliot Hospital**

Recruiting via the mental health team (Coventry and Warwickshire Partnership Trust)

-

England

CV10 7DJ

Study participating centre**Royal Devon & Exeter Hospital**

Recruiting via the mental health team (Devon Partnership NHS Trust)

-

England

EX2 5DW

Study participating centre

Torbay Hospital

Recruiting via the mental health team (Devon Partnership NHS Trust)

-

England

TQ2 7AA

Study participating centre

Newham University Hospital

Recruiting via the mental health team (East London Foundation Trust)

London

England

E13 8SL

Study participating centre

Musgrove Park Hospital

Recruiting via the mental health team (Somerset NHS Foundation Trust)

Taunton

England

TA1 5DA

Study participating centre

Yeovil District Hospital

Recruiting via the mental health team (Somerset NHS Foundation Trust)

Yeovil

England

BA21 4AT

Study participating centre

University College London Hospital & MHCAS

Recruiting via the mental health team (North London Foundation Trust)

London

England

NW1 2BU

Study participating centre

North Middlesex University Hospital

Recruiting via the mental health team (North London Foundation Trust)

London

England
N18 1QX

Sponsor information

Organisation

Devon Partnership NHS Trust

ROR

<https://ror.org/04fkxrb51>

Organisation

City, University of London

ROR

<https://ror.org/04489at23>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Programme Grants for Applied Research

Alternative Name(s)

NIHR Programme Grants for Applied Research, PGfAR

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article		30/01/2026	30/01/2026	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No
Study website		11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes