






Effects of inhaled hypertonic saline in children with cystic fibrosis

Submission date 04/05/2016	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	 Retrospectively registered
		 Protocol not yet added
Registration date 06/07/2016	Overall study status Completed	 SAP not yet added
		 Results added
Last Edited 19/10/2017	Condition category Genetic Diseases	 Raw data not yet added
		 Study completed

Plain English Summary

Background and study aims

Cystic fibrosis (CF) is an inherited condition which causes the lungs and digestive system to become blocked with mucus. It is caused by a faulty gene, which is responsible for controlling the movement of water and salts in and out of cells. This leads to a buildup of sticky mucus which clogs the lungs and airways causing breathing difficulties and lung infections, and the digestive system which affects the way food travels through and the ability to absorb nutrients from it. Most people with CF experience problems with lung function and usually are treated with a combination of physiotherapy and medications to prevent lung infections and the buildup of mucus that causes damage. Bronchodilator medications are commonly used in the treatment of CF, as they make breathing easier by relaxing the muscles in the lungs and widening the airways. Following bronchodilation, patients are often given normal saline (salt water) through a nebulizer in order to bring up the mucus blocking their lungs. The aim of this study is to investigate the effectiveness and safety of using hypertonic saline (a solution which is more concentrated than in the body) in children with CF.

Who can participate?

Preschool aged children with cystic fibrosis being treated using bronchodilators and physiotherapy.

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two groups who receive two treatments for 16 weeks in a different order. The first treatment involves inhaling a mist of 4ml normal saline (salt water), twice a day for 16 weeks. The second treatment involves inhaling a mist of 4ml hypertonic (more concentrated than blood) saline, twice a day for 16 weeks. At the start of the study and then again after 4, 16, 20 and 32 weeks, participants in both groups complete a number of breathing tests (involving breathing into a machine in various ways) in order to measure how well their lungs are working. Throughout the study, any side effects experienced by the children are recorded on a questionnaire.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There is a possibility that participants may benefit from improved breathing and lung function. There are no notable risks involved with taking part in this study,

Where is the study run from?

Sapienza University of Rome (Italy)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

February 2010 to February 2015

Who is funding the study?

Policlinico Umberto I (Italy)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Raffaella Nenna

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Raffaella Nenna

Contact details

Department of Pediatrics and Pediatric Neuropsychiatry

Sapienza University of Rome

Viale Regina Elena 324

Rome

Italy

00161

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Protocol/serial number

01

Study information

Scientific Title

Effects of inhaled hypertonic (7%) saline on lung function test in preschool children with cystic fibrosis: a crossover, randomized clinical trial

Study hypothesis

The aim of this study is to evaluate whether inhaled hypertonic saline is effective and safe in children with cystic fibrosis.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Scientific Ethics Committee, Policlinico Umberto I, 11/03/2010, ref: HS-2009-Prot.1818(11/03/2010)

Study design

Double-blind randomised cross over trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised cross over trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

No specific participant information sheet available, please use the contact details below to request a further information.

Condition

Cystic fibrosis

Interventions

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two groups who receive two treatments in a random order.

Treatment 1: Participants receive inhalatory administration of 4ml hypertonic saline (HS - 7 % sodium chloride) twice daily for 16 weeks

Treatment 2: Participants receive inhalatory administration of 4ml normal saline (NS - 0.9 % sodium chloride) twice daily for 16 weeks

There is no washout period between the two treatments, and children are followed up after 4, 16, 20 and 32 weeks.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Hypertonic saline

Primary outcome measure

1. Airways resistance was measured using interrupter resistance technique at baseline, 4, 16, 20, 32 weeks
2. FVC, FEV1 and FEF25-75 were measured using spirometry at baseline, 4, 16, 20, 32 weeks

Secondary outcome measures

Side effects were registered using a standardized questionnaire created for the purpose of this study throughout the 31 week study period by healthcare providers.

Overall study start date

01/02/2010

Overall study end date

01/02/2015

Eligibility

Participant inclusion criteria

1. Children aged 4-6 years
2. Diagnosis of cystic fibrosis
3. Clinically stable
4. Undergoing a simple therapy based on bronchodilators and physiotherapy
5. No respiratory infections during the treatment or 2 weeks before

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Child

Lower age limit

4 Years

Upper age limit

6 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

12

Participant exclusion criteria

Children with instable medical conditions

Recruitment start date

01/09/2012

Recruitment end date

01/09/2013

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Italy

Study participating centre**Sapienza University of Rome**

Cystic Fibrosis Centre

Department of Pediatrics and Infantile Neuropsychiatry

V.le Regina Elena 324

Rome

Italy

00161

Sponsor information

Organisation

Sapienza University of Rome

Sponsor details

Department of Pediatrics and Pediatric Neuropsychiatry

Viale Regina Elena 324

Rome

Italy

00161

Sponsor type

University/education

ROR

<https://ror.org/02be6w209>

Funder(s)

Funder type

University/education

Funder Name

Policlinico Umberto I

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in the journal BMC Pediatrics

Intention to publish date

01/06/2016

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	15/07/2017		Yes	No