# MAGnetic marker TO detect primary lesion and sentinel node in breast cancer. The randomised MAGTOtal trial.

Submission date	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
27/03/2018		[_] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	[] Statistical analysis plan		
01/05/2018	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited 28/12/2023	<b>Condition category</b> Cancer	Individual participant data		

#### **Plain English Summary**

Current plain English summary as of 19/10/2018: Background and study aims The study aims to compare a new technique of tumour marking in patients with breast cancer.

Who can participate? Adult women with non-palpable breast cancer (cancer that cannot be felt using the fingers) suitable for breast-conserving surgery.

What does the study involve?

Study participants will be randomised to the marking of the breast tumour with either a guide wire (a thin wire placed into the tumor using a mammogram or ultrasound) or a magnetic clip that will serve as a guide for tumour removal with guidance during the operation from a handheld magnetism detector.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Patients participating in the study will undergo a closer follow-up in the postoperative period. No financial reimbursement will be provided. The risks are the same as for a simple breast tissue biopsy and include pain, swelling and bruising.

Where is the study run from?

The study is run from the Breast Unit of Uppsala University Hospital, which is the lead centre. The trial will be undertaken in Uppsala University Hospital and in Västmanlands County Hospital.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? October 2017 to February 2022 (updated 05/11/2019, previously: December 2019)

Who is funding the study?

The study is funded by Uppsala University. The magnetic markers (Magseed) and the tracer for the sentinel node biopsy (SiennaXP) will be provided by EndoMagnetics (Cambridge, UK).

Who is the main contact

Main contact for the study is Andreas Karakatsanis, MD, PhD, FEBS, Consultant Oncoplastic Surgeon, Uppsala University Hospital.

Previous plain English summary

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When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? The study is expected to start recruiting by May 1st, 2018. Patient recruited is expected to be completed by October 2018.

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## **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Scientific

**Contact name** Dr Andreas Karakatsanis

ORCID ID http://orcid.org/0000-0003-3622-3575

#### **Contact details**

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## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers MagTotal

## Study information

#### Scientific Title

Tumour localization and sentinel lymph node identification using a magnetic localisation marker (Magseed) and super paramagnetic iron oxide nanoparticles (SiennaXP): The randomised MagTotal trial

**Acronym** MagTotal

#### Study hypothesis

The MagSeed tracer is non-inferior to the guidewire in successful resection of the primary tumour.

**Ethics approval required** Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)** Uppsala Regional Ethics Commitee, 10/01/2018, DNR 2017/508

**Study design** Open-label randomised controlled trial

**Primary study design** Interventional

**Secondary study design** Randomised controlled trial

**Study setting(s)** Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet.

#### Condition

Breast cancer

#### Interventions

Patients partaking in the study will be allocated to marking of the tumour either with Magseed or a guidewire. Allocation will be performed with block randomisation using a block size of 10 and an allocation ratio of 1:1 using a random number generator software . The SPIO Sienna XP© will be injected in the preoperative period, peritumorally by the breast radiologist guided by ultrasound or mammography in non-palpable lesions. At the same time, the breast radiologist will insert the Magseed close to the tumour in patients allocated in the Magseed arm. In patients randomised to tumour localization by guide wire, the guide wire will be inserted on the same day as the surgery.

During breast-conserving surgery (BCS) the transcutaneous signal by SentiMag in the breast and axilla, as well as the presence and size of skin staining will be registered. After the excision of the primary tumour, a specimen count as well as a background count will be performed. In the post-operative visit to the outpatient clinic, staining and magnetic signal in the breast will be registered. At the postoperative multidisciplinary team meeting the need of a reoperation due to non-radical resection will be registered. The number of sentinel nodes (SNs) and non-SNs and the occurrence of lymph node metastases will be registered.

#### Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

#### Primary outcome measure

Radical excision, defined as free surgical margins of the specimen of the primary tumour according to preoperative diagnosis.

#### Secondary outcome measures

1. Width of margins per study arm in mm from the tumour to the resection margin both on specimen radiology and on final pathology.

2. Operative time from the beginning of the breast operation until the excision of the specimen in minutes.

Intraoperative and postoperative complications on 30 days, described by the Clavien Dindo classification and the Comprehensive Complication Index (CCI) (www.assessurgery.com).
Cost/benefit analysis based on the expenses of inpatient and outpatient care regarding the operation and 30 days of the postoperative period.

#### Overall study start date

24/10/2017

Overall study end date 01/02/2022

# Eligibility

#### Participant inclusion criteria

1. Aged 18 years or older

2. Ductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) or invasive breast cancer requiring localisation planned for primary surgery including sentinel node biopsy

## Participant type(s)

Patient

### Age group

Adult

#### **Lower age limit** 18 Years

Sex

Female

**Target number of participants** 200

**Total final enrolment** 426

#### Participant exclusion criteria

- 1. Intolerance or hypersensitivity to iron or dextran compounds or Sienna XP
- 2. Iron overload disease
- 3. Pacemaker or other implantable device in the chest-wall, or prosthesis in the shoulder
- 4. Deprived of liberty or under guardianship
- 5. Pregnant or lactating
- 6. Inability to provide informed consent

**Recruitment start date** 01/04/2018

Recruitment end date 30/10/2021

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment** Sweden

Study participating centre

**Uppsala University Hospital** Uppsala Sweden 751 85

**Study participating centre Västmanlands County Hospital** Västerås Sweden 721 89

## Sponsor information

Organisation

Uppsala University

**Sponsor details** Uppsala University Uppsala Sweden 751 05

**Sponsor type** University/education

Website

ROR https://ror.org/048a87296

## Funder(s)

**Funder type** Not defined

**Funder Name** Endomagnetics, Cambridge, UK

## **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer reviewed journal

#### Intention to publish date

01/01/2023

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and analysed during the current study will be available upon request from Andreas Karakatsanis (andreas.karakatsanis@surgsci.uu.se) and Fredrik Wärnberg (fredrik.warnberg@surgsci.uu.se) after all results have been originally published. Anonymised patient level data after appropriate patient consent will be made available for scientific and academic purposes, i.e. for the conduct of pooled analyses or patient level meta-analyses. Study data will be kept for 20 years.

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		27/12/2023	28/12/2023	Yes	No