Can playing Neuro-World mobile games improve cognitive function in people who have had a stroke 2 years or more previously?

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
22/03/2019	No longer recruiting	[] Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	[] Statistical analysis plan
30/03/2019	Completed	[_] Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
08/01/2020	Circulatory System	[_] Record updated in last year

Plain English Summary

Background and study aims

Rehabilitation games have the potential to enable stroke survivors to repeatedly practice and improve their cognitive function. However, there are no mobile game solutions that are specifically developed for cognitive rehabilitation and clinically tested. The aim of this study is to test Neuro-World, six mobile games developed for cognitive rehabilitation.

Who can participate?

Stroke survivors with mild cognitive function in their chronic stage (1 year or longer since their last onset)

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two groups. One group play Neuro-World games for 30 minutes (5 minutes for each game) a day, 2 days a week for 12 weeks in addition to their medical care, while the other group receive only medical care. Participants are assessed before and after the treatment (12 weeks).

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Study subjects may improve their cognitive function by participating in the study. Playing the games may cause eye and mental fatigue.

Where is the study run from? Heeyeon Rehabilitation Hospital (South Korea)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? September 2017 to October 2018

Who is funding the study? Investigator initiated and funded Who is the main contact? Mr Hee-Tae Jung hjung@cs.umass.edu

Contact information

Type(s) Public

Contact name Mr Hee-Tae Jung

ORCID ID http://orcid.org/0000-0001-8921-570X

Contact details

College of Information and Computer Sciences University of Massachusetts Amherst Amherst United States of America 01003 +1 (0)4135452744 hjung@cs.umass.edu

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers 2018-4728

Study information

Scientific Title

Effectiveness of self-administered cognitive rehabilitation games in chronic stroke survivors with mild-to-moderate cognitive impairment: a randomized controlled trial

Acronym Neuro-World Clinical Study

Study hypothesis

Self-administration of Neuro-World, mobile cognitive rehabilitation games, can improve cognitive function of chronic-stage stroke patients.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 06/05/2018, University of Massachusetts Amherst Institutional Review Board (Research Compliance Human Research Protection Office (HRPO), 108 Research Administration Building, 70 Butterfield Terrace, Amherst, MA 01003-9242; Tel: +1 (0)413-545-3428; Email: ncswett@ora.umass.edu), Protocol ID: 2018-4728

Study design

Single-center randomized controlled study

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact details to request a participant information sheet

Condition

Stroke survivors with mild-to-moderate cognitive impairment (18 points or greater in K-MMSE) in their chronic stage (2 years or longer since their last onset)

Interventions

Participants were randomized using a random number generator. An experimental group selfadministered 24 30-minute sessions of Neuro-World, six mobile games for cognitive rehabilitation, twice a week for 12 weeks in addition to their medical care while the control group received only medical care.

Intervention Type

Device

Phase Phase II

Primary outcome measure

Overall cognitive function and impairment level measured using Korean Mini-Mental State Examination (K-MMSE) assessed before (baseline) and after the treatment (12 weeks)

Secondary outcome measures

Assessed before (baseline) and after the treatment (12 weeks): 1. Overall cognitive function and impairment level measured using Digit Forward Span (DFS), Digit Backward Span (DBS) 2. Overall depression level measured using Geriatric Depression Scale (GDS)

Overall study start date

15/09/2017

Overall study end date

30/10/2018

Eligibility

Participant inclusion criteria

Current inclusion criteria as of 06/01/2020: Stroke survivors with mild-to-moderate cognitive impairment (18 points or greater in K-MMSE) in their chronic stage (2 years or longer since their last onset)

Previous inclusion criteria:

Stroke survivors with mild cognitive function (18 points or greater in K-MMSE) in their chronic stage (1 year or longer since their last onset)

Participant type(s) Patient

Age group Adult

Lower age limit 18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

50 in 2 clusters (1 experimental group, 1 passive control group), and 25 participants for each cluster

Participant exclusion criteria Visual neglect

Recruitment start date 05/06/2018

Recruitment end date 05/07/2018

Locations

Countries of recruitment Korea, South

51420

Study participating centre Heeyeon Rehabilitation Hospital 25 Woni-daero, Gyeongsangnam-do Changwon Korea, South

Sponsor information

Organisation University of Massachusetts Amherst

Sponsor details Venture Way Center 100 Venture Way Suite 201 Hadley United States of America 01035 +1 (0)4135453428 ncswett@ora.umass.edu

Sponsor type University/education

ROR https://ror.org/0072zz521

Funder(s)

Funder type Other

Funder Name Investigator initiated and funded

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

The analyzed results will be submitted to a clinical journal by the end of March 2019.

Intention to publish date

31/03/2019

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are not expected to be made available sharing the data was not part of the study plan, not approved by UMass IRB nor the study participants. Also, it was planned that the raw data would be removed completely once the analyzed results are published in academic journals. The data is currently stored in the secure online storage provided by UMass Amherst. The data is accessible only by researchers with valid authority.

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available